UNITED STATES OF AMERICA UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

Plaintiff,	Case No. 1:07-CV-1128
v.	Honorable Richard Alan Enslen
WADE WAKEFIELD,	

Defendant.

ORDER

This is a civil rights action brought by a state prisoner pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The matter is before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion to Appoint Counsel filed August 11, 2008. United States Magistrate Judge Ellen S. Carmody denied the motion on the discretionary grounds applicable to motions under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). Plaintiff has filed lengthy objections to the Magistrate Judge's determination.

A district court considering objections to an order issued on a non-dispositive matter that was referred to a magistrate judge may "modify or set aside any part of the order that is clearly erroneous or contrary to law." FED. R. CIV. P. 72(a); see also 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A); W.D. MICH. LCIVR 72.3(a). A decision is clearly erroneous when, "although there is evidence to support it, the reviewing court on the entire evidence is left with a definite and firm conviction that a mistake has been committed." *United States v. U.S. Gypsum Co.*, 333 U.S. 364, 395 (1948). If there are two plausible views of a matter, then a decision cannot be "clearly erroneous." *Anderson v. City of Bessemer*, 470 U.S. 564, 573 (1985).

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As the Magistrate Judge held, indigent parties in civil cases have no constitutional right to

a court-appointed attorney. Abdur-Rahman v. Mich. Dep't of Corr., 65 F.3d 489, 492 (6th Cir.

1995); Lavado v. Keohane, 992 F.2d 601, 604-05 (6th Cir. 1993). The Court may, however, request

an attorney to serve as counsel, in the Court's discretion. Abdur-Rahman, 65 F.3d at 492; Lavado,

992 F.2d at 604-05; see Mallard v. U.S. Dist. Court, 490 U.S. 296 (1989).

Notwithstanding Plaintiff's multiple complaints regarding his inability to fully litigate the

case himself, Plaintiff has demonstrated a substantial understanding of the law and procedural rules.

Indeed, his complaint alleges that he has assisted other prisoners in pursuing legal redress. Further,

Plaintiff's claim is simple, involving one incident, and Plaintiff already has identified and spoken

with numerous witnesses. The Magistrate Judge reasonably concluded that appointment of counsel

was not necessary at this juncture. Upon review of each of Plaintiff's lengthy objections, the Court

concludes that the Magistrate Judge's denial of Plaintiff's motion was neither clearly erroneous nor

contrary to law. Denial of the motion is without prejudice to Plaintiff's filing of another motion at

a later stage of the litigation. Therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's Statement of Appeal (Dkt. No. 46) is DENIED,

the order of the Magistrate Judge (Dkt. No. 43) is AFFIRMED, and Plaintiff's Motion for

Appointment of Counsel (Dkt. No. 40) is **DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE**.

DATED in Kalamazoo, MI: November 12, 2008

/s/ Paul L. Maloney for

RICHARD ALAN ENSLEN

SENIOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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